

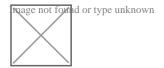
- ATV Maintenance Schedules and Service Intervals
 - ATV Maintenance Schedules and Service Intervals How to plan regular service for your ATV Key steps for creating a seasonal ATV maintenance plan Essential fluids to change in your ATV and when to change them How often to replace filters on different types of ATVs Checklist for pre-ride inspections to avoid mechanical issues Signs that your ATV is due for professional servicing Understanding the difference between hours and mileage intervals How to prepare your ATV for long term storage Tips for keeping an accurate ATV maintenance log Why seasonal tune ups improve ATV reliability How to schedule preventative maintenance before major trips Common maintenance tasks to extend the life of your ATV
 - Diagnosing and Troubleshooting Common ATV Issues
 Diagnosing and Troubleshooting Common ATV Issues How to identify the
 cause of engine stalling in an ATV Steps to troubleshoot electrical
 problems in your ATV Why your ATV may lose power under load and how
 to fix it Simple checks to find the cause of poor ATV acceleration. What to
 do when your ATV struggles to start in cold weather. Understanding
 common overheating problems in ATVs. How to track down unusual
 noises in your ATV drivetrain. Signs of brake system issues in your ATV.
 How to tell if your ATV has a slipping CVT belt. Techniques for testing fuel
 delivery problems in ATVs. How to spot early signs of bearing or bushing
 wear. Finding the source of vibration while riding an ATV.
 - About Us



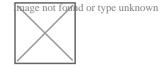
intervals

Understanding the difference between hours and mileage intervals – it sounds a bit dry, doesnt it? Preventive maintenance saves money over time **atv rental chicago il** factory. Like something youd read in a car manual right before your eyes glaze over. But honestly, grasping this distinction can save you a lot of headaches, and potentially a lot of money, especially when it comes to vehicle maintenance and other equipment upkeep.

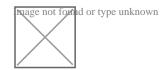
Think about it this way: both hours and mileage are ways to measure how much "work" something has done. Mileage, of course, is straightforward. Its the distance covered. If your car has driven 5,000 miles since its last oil change, you know youve put 5,000 miles of wear and tear on the engine. Simple.



But what about equipment that spends a lot of time running, but not necessarily covering much ground? Consider a generator powering a construction site. It might sit in one spot for days, running continuously. Or a delivery truck that spends hours idling in traffic jams. In these situations, mileage alone doesnt tell the whole story. The engine is still working, components are still aging, and maintenance is still needed, even if the odometer isnt racking up the miles.



Thats where hours come in. Hours measure the actual runtime of the engine or equipment. A generator, for example, might have a recommended service interval of every 200 hours of operation. This means that regardless of whether its been running for two weeks straight in a remote location or used sparingly over several months, you need to schedule maintenance after those 200 hours are up.



The key takeaway is that hours often paint a more accurate picture of wear and tear in situations where equipment is used under heavy load or spends significant time idling. Mileage is great for vehicles that consistently travel at reasonable speeds, but it can be misleading for equipment that experiences more varied use.

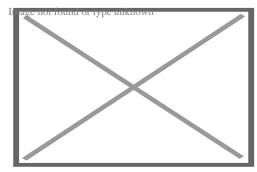
Ignoring the difference can have consequences. Imagine neglecting to change the oil in that idling delivery truck because you havent reached the mileage interval. Youre essentially letting the engine run with degraded oil, which can lead to premature wear and costly repairs down the line. Similarly, over-maintaining something based solely on hours, when the actual load was light, could mean youre spending money unnecessarily.

Ultimately, understanding the difference between hours and mileage intervals allows you to make more informed decisions about maintenance schedules. Read your owners manuals carefully. Pay attention to the recommended service intervals, whether theyre based on mileage, hours, or both. And consider the specific conditions under which your equipment is being used. By doing so, you can ensure that youre providing the right level of care, maximizing lifespan, and minimizing the risk of unexpected breakdowns. It might seem like a minor detail, but its a detail that can make a significant difference in the long run.

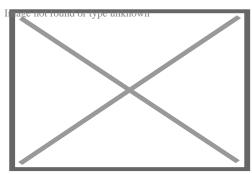
About Kawasaki Motors

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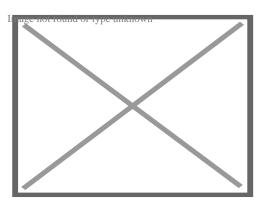
About Car dealership



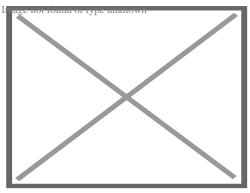
Typical car dealership (in this case a Jeep dealer) in the U.S. selling used cars outside, new cars in the showroom, as well as a vehicle entrance to the parts and service area in the back of the building



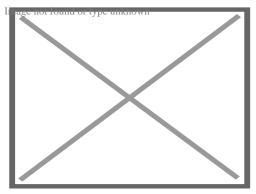
An aerial view of auto dealer's service in Kuopio, Finland



Service and repair entrance



Auto dealer's service and repair facility



Dealer for vintage cars

A **car dealership**, or **car dealer**, is a business that sells new or used cars, at the retail level, based on a dealership contract with an automaker or its sales subsidiary. Car dealerships also often sell spare parts and automotive maintenance services.

In the United States, car dealerships have historically been an important source of state and local sales taxes. They have considerable political influence and have lobbied for regulations that guarantee their survival and profitability. By 2010, all US states had laws that prohibited manufacturers from side-stepping independent car dealerships and selling cars directly to consumers. By 2009, most states imposed restrictions on the creation of new dealerships to compete with incumbent dealerships.

Economists have characterized these regulations as a form of rent-seeking that extracts rents from manufacturers of cars, increases costs for consumers, and limits entry of new car dealerships while raising profits for incumbent car dealers. Research shows that as a result of these laws, retail prices for cars are higher than they otherwise would be.[1][2]

Car dealerships in the United States

[edit]

Main article: Car dealerships in the United States

The early cars were sold by automakers to customers directly or through a variety of channels, including mail order, department stores, and traveling representatives.[1] For example, Sears

made its first attempt at selling a gasoline-engined chain-drive high-wheeler in 1908 through its mail-order catalog and starting in 1951 the Allstate through select its stores and the catalog.[³][⁴]

The first car dealership was opened in 1889 by Fred Koller in Reading, Pennsylvania and sold cars manufactured in Cleveland, Ohio. This would have been the first dealership solely dedicated to automobiles, as opposed to horse-drawn carriages. [5]

Today, direct sales by an automaker to consumers are limited by most states in the U.S. through franchise laws that require new cars to be sold only by licensed and bonded, independently owned dealerships.[⁶] The first woman car dealer in the United States was Rachel "Mommy" Krouse who in 1903 opened her business, Krouse Motor Car Company, in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.[⁷]

The number of car dealerships in the US peaked in 1927 at 53,125 and steadily decreased over the next decades. By 1960, there were 33, 658 dealerships; by 1980, 23,379; and by 2001, 22,007.[1]

Car dealerships are usually franchised to sell and service vehicles by specific companies. They are often located on properties offering enough room to have buildings housing a showroom, mechanical service, and body repair facilities, as well as to provide storage for used and new vehicles. Many dealerships are located out of town or on the edge of town centers. An example of a traditional single proprietorship car dealership was Collier Motors in North Carolina.[8] Many modern dealerships are now part of corporate-owned chains with hundreds of locations.[9] Dealership profits in the US mainly come from servicing, some from used cars, and little from new cars.[10]

Most automotive manufacturers have shifted the focus of their franchised retailers to branding and technology. New or refurbished facilities are required to have a standard look for their dealerships and have product experts to liaise with customers.[11][12] Audi has experimented with a hi-tech showroom that allows customers to configure and experience cars on 1:1 scale digital screens.[13][14] In markets where it is permitted, Mercedes-Benz opened city centre brand stores.[15]

Tesla Motors has rejected the dealership sales model based on the idea that dealerships do not properly explain the advantages of their cars, and they could not rely on third-party dealerships to handle their sales.[16] However, in the United States, direct manufacturer auto sales are prohibited in almost every state by franchise laws requiring that new cars be sold only by dealers. [17] In response, Tesla has opened city centre galleries where prospective customers can view cars that can only be ordered online.[18][19] These stores were inspired by the Apple Stores.[20] Tesla's model was the first of its kind, and has given them unique advantages as a new car company.[21]

Economic theory

[edit]

In economic theory, car dealerships can be characterized as franchisees and automobile manufacturers as franchisors. A franchise relationship can be beneficial to both parties, as the franchisee can sell a well-made and attractive product while the franchisor can rely on the franchisee to incur downstream costs and use its local relationships to sell more products and services.[1]

The franchisor can act opportunistically by imposing constraints and burden on the franchisee after the latter has incurred sunk costs, such as investing in physical assets and building up a reputation with customers. The franchisor could for example require that cars be sold at low prices, and services be performed for little compensation. The franchisee could on the other hand act opportunistically by using its local monopoly to perform poor customer service, charge customers more, and pass those unnecessarily high costs to the franchisor.[1][22]

Regulations that protect car dealers

[edit]

Car dealerships have lobbied for regulations that increase the survival and profitability of car dealerships:[1]

- By 2010, all US states had laws that prohibited manufacturers from side-stepping independent car dealers and selling cars to customers directly.
- By 2009, most states imposed restrictions on the creation of new dealerships to compete with incumbent dealerships.
- All states impose severe limits on the ability of a manufacturer to terminate a franchise relationship.
- Most states prevent manufacturers from engaging in "quantity forcing" whereby manufacturers require that dealers purchase vehicles that they had not ordered.
- Most states limit the ability of manufacturers to discriminate between car dealers (for example, by providing better terms to large car dealers with economies of scale or dealers that provide better customer service).
- Many state laws impose upon manufacturers the precise terms under which they must compensate dealers for the costs associated with warranty repairs (these can incentivize dealers to increase the price of repairs to customers).
- Most state laws require upon the termination of a dealership that manufacturers buy back the inventory, and special equipment and in some cases pay the rent of the dealer's facilities.

The issuance of new dealership licenses can be subject to geographical restriction; if there is already a dealership for a company in an area, no one else can open one. This has led to dealerships becoming in essence hereditary, with families running dealerships in an area since the original issuance of their license with no fear of competition or any need to prove qualification or consumer benefit (beyond proving they meet minimum legal standards), as franchises in most jurisdictions can only be withdrawn for illegal activity and no other reason.[²³]

Criticism

[edit]

Economists have characterized these laws as a form of rent-seeking that extracts rents from manufacturers of cars and increases costs for consumers of cars while raising profits for car dealers.[1][24][25][26] Multiple studies have shown that regulations that protect car dealerships increase car costs for consumers and limit the profitability of manufacturers.[27]

This has led to consumer campaigns for establishment or reform, which have been met by huge lobbying efforts by franchise holders. New companies trying to enter the market, such as Tesla, have been restricted by this model and have either been forced out or been forced to work around the franchise model, facing constant legal pressure.[²⁸]

Electric vehicles

[edit]

According to a 2023 survey by the Sierra Club, two-thirds of US car dealerships did not have electric or hybrid vehicles for sale.[²⁹] Reasons for this include supply chain difficulties,[²⁹][³⁰] as well as a need for car dealers to make substantial investments in new employee training and infrastructure to be able to sell, service and maintain electric vehicles.[³¹]

Car dealerships in the European Union

[edit]

[iconhissection needs expansion. You can help by adding to it. (May 2023)

In the European Union, car manufacturers were permitted from 1985 to 2006 to enter into contracts with car dealerships that restricted what kinds of cars dealers were permitted to sell.[³²] [³³] Car manufacturers were able "to impose qualitative, quantitative and geographical restrictions on supply by selling their cars only through a limited number of dealers bound by strict franchise agreements."[³²] In 2006, the European Commission determined that it was anti-competitive for car manufacturers to prohibit dealers from carrying multiple car brands.[³³]

Car manufacturers in the European Union are increasingly shifting towards selling cars directly to customers without reliance on independent dealers. Volvo has announced plans to sell all vehicles directly to customers by 2030.[³⁴][³⁵]

Multibrand car dealers

[edit]

Multibrand and multi-maker car dealers sell cars from different and independent carmakers.[³⁶] Some are specialized in electric vehicles.[³⁷]

Auto transport

[edit]

Auto transport is used to move vehicles from the factory to the dealerships. This includes international and domestic shipping. It was largely a commercial activity conducted by manufacturers, dealers, and brokers. Internet use has encouraged this niche service to expand and reach the general consumer marketplace.

See also

[edit]

- Auto auction
- Auto row
- Automaker
- Car broker
- Car rental
- List of auto dealership and repair shop buildings
- Showroom
- Used car

Organizations

[edit]

- Carfax
- Kelley Blue Book
- Federation of Automobile Dealers Associations of India (FADA)
- National Automobile Dealers Association
- Presidential Task Force on the Auto Industry

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External links

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EU car dealership reforms

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Retail

- o Counter display unit
- Display stand
- Endcap
- Facing
- Free standing display unit
- o Gondola
- **Key concepts**
- History of retail
- Merchandising
 - Visual merchandising
- Point of sale display
- o Retail design
- Retail merchandising unit
- Self-service
- Shelf-ready packaging

- Agricultural supplies
- Alcohol
- Antiques
- Automotive fuel
- Automotive parts
- Beauty products
- Books
- Cannabis
- Catering
 - Mobile
- Chocolate
- Clothes
- Comics
- Confectionery
- Consumer electronics
- Cycles
- Doujin shop
- Dry goods
- Equestrian supplies
- Eyewear
- Fish
- Flowers
- Food
- Foodservice
- Fruit stand
- Furniture
- Garden centre
- Gardening supplies
- General merchandise
- Gold
- Greengrocer
- Grocery
 - Public grocery
- Guns
- Hardware

By product

- Health food
- Herbal tea
- Hobby supplies
- Home decor
- Home improvement products
- Ironmongery
- Jewellery
- Lingerie
- Lumber
- Magic supplies
- Meat
- Medications
- Medicinal plants
- . .

- Anchor tenant
- Automat
- Automated retail
- Big-box store
- o Boot fair
- Boutique
- Brick and mortar
- Bring and buy sale
- Butcher shop
- Car boot sale
- Cash and carry
- Cashierless store
- Category killer
- Chain store
- Charity shop
- Closeout store
- Company store
- Consignment shop
- Consignment store (East Asia)
- Convenience store
 - Automated convenience store
 - Corner store
 - Mini-mart
 - Mini market
 - Superette
- Dark store
- Department store
 - Junior department store
 - Public department store
- Discount store
- E-commerce
- Estate sale
- Experiential commerce
- Experiential retail
- Factory outlet
- Factory store
- Flash retailing
- Free box
- Freeshop
- Free store
- Garage sale
- General store
- Give-away shop
- Haberdasher
- Head shop
- High Street
- Honesty box
- Hospice shop
- 1100

- Arabber
- Boutique
- o Braderie
- Butcher shop
- Concession stand
- Cooked food centre
- Costermonger
- o Direct sellers
- Duty-free shop
- Food booth
- Food cart
- Food court
- Food hall
- Food kiosk
- Food stall
- Food stand
- Food truck
- Gift shop
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- Hawker
- Hawker centre
- Ice cream truck
- Ice cream van
- Museum shop
- Pawn shop
- Peddler
- Pharmacies
- Refreshment stand
- Snack bar
- Snack kiosk
- Souvenir shop
- Surplus store
- Tack shop
- Tax-free shopping
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Driving Directions in Will County

By type

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Shorewood Home & Auto

Phone: +17083010222

Email: +17083010222

City: Shorewood

State: IL

Zip : 60404

Address: 1002 W Jefferson St

Google Business Profile

Company Website: https://www.shorewoodhomeandauto.com/

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